

Erratum to: Ethylene based on woody biomass— what are environmental key issues of a possible future Swedish production on industrial scale

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Corrections:

Footnote 1 Wood needed to produce 50,000 tonnes ethylene is $\sim 9 \times 10^5$ tonnes (dry matter content 50 %) (unallocated).

The online version of the original article can be found at <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s11367-013-0564-6>.

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Table 4 Inventory data for ethanol production

Input	Quantity	Process emissions	
NH ₃ (25 %)	882 kg/h	NO _x	17.99 kg/h
H ₃ PO ₄ (50 %)	58 kg/h	SO ₂	16.65 kg/h
(NH ₄) ₂ HPO ₄	74 kg/h	CO	5.93 × 10 ⁻⁴ kg/h
Molasses	886 kg/h	N ₂ O	1.41 × 10 ⁻³ kg/h
Enzymes	221 × 10 ⁶ FPU/h		
SO ₂ ^a	641 kg/h		
Wood	25,000 kg DM/h		
MgSO ₄ ^a	4 kg/h		
Product output	Quantity	Price	Reference
Electricity	5.4 MW	855 SEK/MWh	(Statistics Sweden accessed March 7, 2011)
District heating	31.1 MW	747 SEK/MWh	Svensk Fjärrvärme (Swedish District Heating) (2011)
Ethanol	6,177 l/h	5.5 SEK/l	
CO ₂	5,153 kg/h	0.03 SEK/kg	
Biogas	1,906 kg/h	11.7 SEK/m ³	(E-On accessed March 7, 2011)

^a Data with regard to the environmental impact of magnesium sulfate (MgSO₄) production were not found. Therefore, production of MgSO₄ could not be considered in the assessment. Data for the production of SO₂ were only found expressed as CO₂eq. Therefore, SO₂ production is only considered under GWP

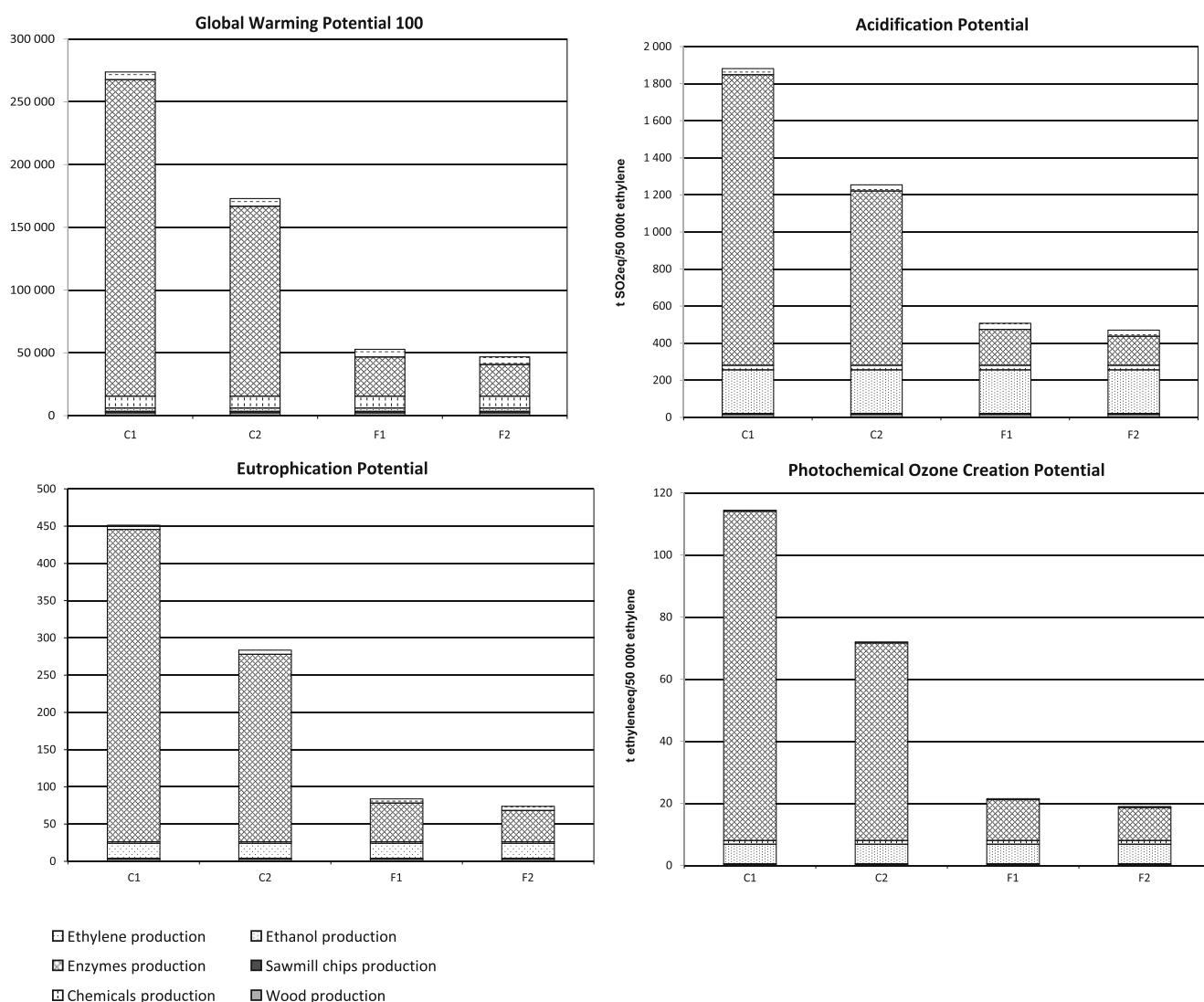


Fig. 2 Impact potentials of sawmill chips-based ethylene. C1=enzyme product consumption with current lower end activity, C2=enzyme product consumption with current higher end activity, F1=enzyme product

consumption estimated eight times lower than C1, F2=enzyme product consumption estimated six times lower than C2